
Geometry of Manifolds II : Exercise Sheet 4

Diese Aufgaben sind schriftlich auszuarbeiten und am 16. Mai vor der Vorlesung abzugeben. Für jede Aufgabe gibt es 4 Punkte.

Zweierabgaben sind erlaubt. Bitte bei der ersten Abgabe Matrikelnummer(n) angeben.

Aufgabe 1. Compute the cohomology of \mathbb{RP}^2 . (Hint: \mathbb{RP}^2 can be decomposed into a disc and a Möbius strip.)

Aufgabe 2. Let

$$0 \rightarrow A^* \rightarrow B^* \rightarrow C^* \rightarrow 0$$

be a short exact sequence of cochain complexes. Prove: if two of the three complexes have finite dimensional cohomology, the third has finite dimensional cohomology as well. In particular, then

$$\chi(B^*) = \chi(A^*) + \chi(C^*),$$

where for a cochain complex A^* with finite dimensional cohomology

$$\chi(A^*) = \sum_k (-1)^k \dim(H^k(A^*))$$

denotes its *Euler–Charakteristic*.

Aufgabe 3. Show that

$$\chi(M) = \chi(M_1) + \chi(M_2) - 2$$

for the connected sum $M = M_1 \# M_2$ of two compact, oriented surfaces M_1 and M_2 .

Aufgabe 4. The *degree* $\deg(f)$ of a differentiable map $f: M \rightarrow N$ between compact, connected, and oriented manifolds M and N of dimension n without boundary is

$$\deg(f) := \int_M f^* \omega,$$

where $\omega \in \Omega^n(N)$ is an n –form with $\int_N \omega = 1$. Show that $\deg(f)$ is well defined, does not change under (differentiable) homotopies, and satisfies $\deg(f) \in \mathbb{Z}$. (Hint: use that, by Exercise 4 on Sheet 3,

$$\int_M : H_{dR}^n(M) \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \quad [\omega] \mapsto \int_M \omega$$

is an isomorphism and same for N . Moreover, use that, by Sard’s Theorem, for generic $q \in N$ the differential df_p is invertible for all $p \in f^{-1}(\{q\})$.)