

Algebraic Geometry I


Problem 1: Let $C \subset \mathbb{P}^3$ be the twisted cubic curve, given as the image of the morphism $\nu_3: \mathbb{P}^1 \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^3$, which sends $(t_0 : t_1)$ to $(t_0^3 : t_0^2 t_1 : t_0 t_1^2 : t_1^3)$. Show that C is not the complete intersection of two surfaces in \mathbb{P}^3 , i.e. the ideal $I(C)$ is not generated by two elements. Moreover, describe the intersection of any two quadrics $Q_1 \neq Q_2$ in \mathbb{P}^3 , both containing C .

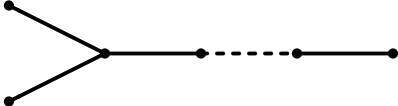
Problem 2: Describe the blow-up of the following curves in \mathbb{A}^2 :

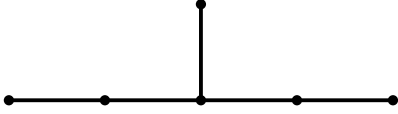
(a) $x_1^{k+1} + x_2^2 \quad k \geq 1$

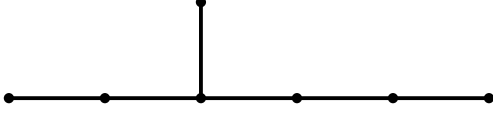
(b) $x_1^a + x_2^b \quad \gcd(a, b) = 1$

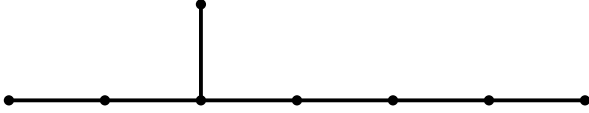
Problem 3: Verify that the (minimal) desingularisation of each of the following surface singularities has an exceptional locus, all components of which are isomorphic to \mathbb{P}^1 . These components intersect as indicated by the dual graph.

$A_n: x_0^{n+1} + x_1^2 + x_2^2$  $n \geq 1$ vertices

$D_n: x_0^{n-1} + x_0 x_1^2 + x_2^2$  $n \geq 4$ vertices

$E_6: x_0^4 + x_1^3 + x_2^2$ 

$E_7: x_0^3 x_1 + x_1^3 + x_2^2$ 

$E_8: x_0^5 + x_1^3 + x_2^2$ 

Problem 4: For each integer $0 \leq k \leq 16$ find a quartic surface $S \subset \mathbb{P}^3$ with precisely k ordinary double points and no other singularities.