Fachbereich Mathematik Thomas Markwig

Commutative Algebra

Exercise 12: Let M be an R-module.

- a. Prove that $\mu: M \to Hom_R(R, M)$ with $\mu(m): R \to M: r \mapsto r \cdot m$ is an isomorphism.
- b. Give an example where $M \not\cong Hom_R(M, R)$.

Exercise 13: Let R be an integral domain and $0 \neq I \leq R$. Show that I as R-module is free if and only if I is principal.

Exercise 14: Let $R = \mathbb{R}[[x]]$ be the ring of formal power series over the real numbers. Consider the R-linear map $\varphi : R^3 \to R^2 : \mathfrak{m} \mapsto A \cdot \mathfrak{m}$ where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 + x^4 - x^7 + 3x^{100} & \cos(x) & 2 - \exp(x) \\ x^4 - 5x^8 & \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} (5x + x^2)^i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \in Mat(2 \times 3, R).$$

Is φ an epimorphism?

Exercise 15: Let $p \in \mathbb{Z}$ be a prime number. Consider the subring $R = \left\{ \frac{a}{b} \mid a, b \in \mathbb{Z}, p \not | b \right\} \le \mathbb{Q}$ of the rational numbers, and consider $M = \mathbb{Q}$ as an R-module.

- a. Show that R is local with maximal ideal $\mathfrak{m} = \left\{ \frac{a}{b} \mid a, b \in \mathbb{Z}, p \not| b, p \mid a \right\}$.
- b. $\mathfrak{m} \cdot M = M$, but $M \neq 0$.
- c. Find a set of generators for M.

In-Class Exercise 10: Consider $R = \mathbb{R}[x, y, z]$ and $M = \langle xy, xz, yz \rangle$. Find a polynomial $F \in R[t]$ such that $F(\phi) = 0$ where is the restriction to M of the map

$$R \longrightarrow R : f \mapsto f \cdot (x + y + z).$$

In-Class Exercise 11: What is the K-vector space dimension of the cokernel of the K[x]-linear map $\varphi : K[x]^2 \longrightarrow K[x]^2 : (a, b) \mapsto (a + b, x^2 \cdot b)$?