

## Commutative Algebra

Due date: Friday, 08/01/2010, 14h00

### Exercise 32:

- Let  $\varphi : R \rightarrow R'$  be a ring homomorphism and  $Q \triangleleft R'$  a  $P$ -primary ideal. Show that  $Q^c = \varphi^{-1}(Q)$  is  $P^c = \varphi^{-1}(P)$ -primary.
- Let  $R$  be a ring,  $P \in \text{Spec}(R)$ , and  $n \geq 1$ . Show that the *symbolic power*  $P^{(n)} := \{a \in R \mid \exists s \in R \setminus P : s \cdot a \in P^n\}$  is a  $P$ -primary ideal.

Note, if  $\iota : R \rightarrow R_P : a \mapsto \frac{a}{1}$ , then  $P^{(n)} = ((P^n)^e)^c = \iota^{-1}(\langle P^n \rangle_{R_P})$ .

**Exercise 33:** Let  $R$  be a integral domain of dimension  $\dim(R) = 1$ , and let  $0 \neq I \trianglelefteq R$ .

- Show if  $I = Q_1 \cap \dots \cap Q_n$  is a minimal primary decomposition, then  $I = Q_1 \cdots Q_n$ .
- If  $R$  is noetherian, then every non-zero ideal  $I$  is a finite product of primary ideals  $Q_i$  with  $\sqrt{Q_i} \neq \sqrt{Q_j}$  for  $i \neq j$ , and the factors are unique up to ordering.

Hint, Chinese Remainder Theorem.

**Exercise 34:** Find a minimal primary decomposition of  $I = \langle 6 \rangle \triangleleft \mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-5}]$ .

Hint, consider the ideals  $P = \langle 2, 1 + \sqrt{-5} \rangle$ ,  $Q = \langle 3, 1 + \sqrt{-5} \rangle$ , and  $Q' = \langle 3, 1 - \sqrt{-5} \rangle$ .

**Exercise 35:** Let  $R = K[x, y, z]$  for some field  $K$ .

- Let  $P = \langle x, y \rangle$  and  $Q = \langle y, z \rangle$ . Calculate a minimal primary decomposition of  $I = P \cdot Q$ . Which of the components are isolated, which are embedded?
- Calculate a primary decomposition of  $J = \langle xz - y^2, y - x^2 \rangle$ .

Hint, in part b. consider  $\varphi : R \rightarrow K[x]$  with  $x \mapsto x, y \mapsto x^2, z \mapsto x^3$ ,  $P = \ker(\varphi)$ , and  $Q = \langle x, y \rangle$ . Show that  $\ker(\varphi) = \langle y - x^2, z - x^3 \rangle$  using division with remainder.

**In-Class Exercise 19:** Find the primary decomposition of  $\langle x^3y^2 - xy^4 \rangle$  in  $K[x, y]$ .

**In-Class Exercise 20:** Find the primary decomposition of  $\langle x^2 - x, xy - x \rangle$  in  $K[x, y]$ .

**In-Class Exercise 21:** Find the primary decomposition of the ideal  $\langle x^3 - x^2 - x + 1, x^2y - x^2 - 2xy + 2x + y - 1, xy + y, y^2 - y \rangle$  in  $K[x, y]$  and in  $K[x, y]_{x+1}$ .