

## Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry

### Exercise Sheet 5

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#### Exercise 1.

Let  $>$  be a monomial order on  $\text{Mon}_n$ . Prove that the following are equivalent:

- 1)  $>$  is global.
- 2)  $>$  is a well-ordering
- 3)  $x_i > 1 \forall i = 1, \dots, n$
- 4)  $>$  refines  $\geq_{\text{nat}}$ , i.e.  $\underline{x}^\alpha >_{\text{nat}} \underline{x}^\beta \Rightarrow \underline{x}^\alpha > \underline{x}^\beta$

**Exercise 2.** a) Prove that the set of monomials of  $K[X]$  has exactly two orders, one of which is global.

b) Prove that the set of monomials of  $K[X, Y]$  has uncountable many orders.

*Hint:* Consider weighted degree reverse lexicographic orders.

#### Exercise 3.

Let  $K$  be an algebraically closed field. Let  $A \subset K^n$  be an affine varieties and let  $f : A \rightarrow K^m$ ,  $a \mapsto (f_1(a), \dots, f_m(a))$  be a polynomial map, so  $f_1, \dots, f_m \in K[X_1, \dots, X_n]$ . We write  $K[X_1, \dots, X_n]$  for the coordinate ring to  $K^n$  and  $K[Y_1, \dots, Y_m]$  for the coordinate ring to  $K^m$ .

Prove:  $\overline{f(A)} = V(\langle I(A), Y_1 - f_1, \dots, Y_m - f_m \rangle_{K[X_1, \dots, X_n, Y_1, \dots, Y_m]} \cap K[\underline{Y}])$ .