

### Problem 1.1 – Connections

Let  $\nabla$  be a connection on a manifold  $M$ .

- a) Show that  $\nabla$  is torsion-free if and only if, in every coordinate chart, the Christoffel symbols satisfy  $\Gamma_{ij}^k = \Gamma_{ji}^k$ .
- b) Suppose that  $M$  is equipped with a Riemannian metric  $g$ . Show that the Christoffel symbols of the Levi-Civita connection are given by

$$\Gamma_{ij}^k = \frac{1}{2}g^{kl}(\partial_i g_{jl} + \partial_j g_{il} - \partial_l g_{ij}).$$

### Problem 1.2 – Curves

Let  $(M, g)$  be a smooth Riemannian manifold and let  $\gamma : [a, b] \rightarrow M$  be a smooth curve.

- a) Show that the length  $\ell(\gamma)$  is invariant under reparametrization, i.e., if  $u : [c, d] \rightarrow [a, b]$  is a smooth map with smooth inverse, then  $\ell(\gamma) = \ell(\gamma \circ u)$ .
- b) Show that there is a reparametrization  $\tilde{\gamma}$  of  $\gamma$  with unit speed (i.e.,  $|\dot{\gamma}(t)| = 1$ ). It will be helpful to consider the arc length function  $s : [a, b] \rightarrow [0, \ell(\gamma)]$  defined by

$$s(t) = \int_a^t du |\dot{\gamma}(u)|.$$

- c) Show that for  $X, Y \in \mathfrak{X}(\gamma)$ ,  $\frac{d}{dt}g(X, Y) = g(D_t X, Y) + g(X, D_t Y)$ .
- d) Show that if  $X \in \mathfrak{X}(\gamma)$  is parallel along  $\gamma$ , then  $|\dot{X}| = \sqrt{g(X, X)}$  is constant.

### Problem 1.3 – Gradient

Let  $M \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  be a manifold with metric  $g$ . Given  $f \in C^\infty(M)$ , we define the vector field  $\text{grad } f$  by the relation

$$df(X) = g(\text{grad } f, X).$$

Show that in local coordinates  $\text{grad } f$  is given by  $\text{grad } f = g^{ij} \partial_i f \partial_j$ .

### Problem 1.4 – Isometries

Let  $\phi : (M, g) \rightarrow (\tilde{M}, \tilde{g})$  be an isometry. If  $\tilde{\nabla}$  is a connection on  $\tilde{M}$ , we define the pullback connection by

$$(g^* \tilde{\nabla})_X Y = \phi_*^{-1}(\tilde{\nabla}_{\phi_* X}(\phi_* Y)).$$

Show that  $g^* \tilde{\nabla}$  is a connection on  $M$  and that if  $\tilde{\nabla}$  is the Levi-Civita connection on  $\tilde{M}$ , then  $g^* \tilde{\nabla}$  is the Levi-Civita connection on  $M$ .