



Preparation course for the new Master Mathematical Physics Students 2018

8th October - 12th October, 2018

Third exercise sheet

1. Consider the Cauchy problem associated to the *heat equation* on the 1-dimensional torus \mathbb{T}^1 :

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} u(t, x) = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} u(t, x) & x \in \mathbb{T}^1, t > 0 \\ u(0, x) = u_0(x), u_0 \in L^2(\mathbb{T}^1) \text{ (fixed)}. \end{cases}$$

Find the solution $u(t, \cdot) \in L^2(\mathbb{T}^1)$ for every $t \geq 0$ as a *Fourier series* and study the *asymptotic behavior*, namely $L^2(\mathbb{T}^1)$ - $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} u(t, \cdot)$, interpreting this result physically.

2. Let $\gamma \in \mathbb{R}$, we define

$$(T_\gamma f)(x) := f(x - \gamma) \quad \forall f \in L^2(\mathbb{T}^1)$$

$$(\rho_\gamma a)_n := e^{-i\gamma n} a_n \quad \forall a \in \ell^2(\mathbb{Z}).$$

Verify that both the operators T_γ and ρ_γ are unitary for every $\gamma \in \mathbb{R}$.

3. Let $\mathcal{F}: L^2(\mathbb{T}^1) \rightarrow \ell^2(\mathbb{Z})$ be the Fourier transform. Prove that the following properties are satisfied:

a)

$$\mathcal{F} T_\gamma = \rho_\gamma \mathcal{F} \quad \forall \gamma \in \mathbb{R}.$$

b) If $f \in C^1(\mathbb{T}^1)$, then

$$\left(\mathcal{F} \frac{d}{dx} f \right)_n = in(\mathcal{F} f)_n \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{Z}.$$