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Groups and Representations

Homework Assignment 12 (due on 25 January 2023)

Problem 41

Let Γ^{j} be the irreps of SU(2) (or of SO(3)) as constructed in the lecture.

a) Prove the following formula for the characters

$$\chi^{j}(\alpha) = \frac{\sin\left((2j+1)\alpha/2\right)}{\sin(\alpha/2)}$$

b) Consider the product representation $\Gamma^j \otimes \Gamma^k$ with $j \ge k$. Show that every irrep Γ^ℓ with $\ell = j - k, \ldots, j + k$ appears exactly once in the decomposition of $\Gamma^j \otimes \Gamma^k$, and that all other irreps are absent.

Problem 42

Let Γ be an irrep of SU(2) on \mathbb{C}^n . Show that there exists a $T \in GL(n, \mathbb{C})$ with $T^2 \in \{\pm 1\}$ s.t.

$$\overline{\Gamma(g)} = T\Gamma(g)T^{-1} \quad \forall g \in \mathrm{SU}(2).$$

In which cases do we have $T^2 = 1$?

HINT: First find T for the defining representation. Observe that $T \in SU(2)$ and then investigate $\Gamma(T)$.

Problem 43

Let G be a Lie group with Lie algebra \mathfrak{g} , and let ad be the adjoint representation of \mathfrak{g} , i.e. $\mathrm{ad}_X(Y) = [X, Y]$. The map

$$K: \mathfrak{g} \times \mathfrak{g} \to \mathbb{R}$$
$$(X, Y) \mapsto K(X, Y) = \operatorname{tr}(\operatorname{ad}_X \circ \operatorname{ad}_Y)$$

is called Killing-Form.

Show:

- a) K is bilinear and symmetric.
- b) $K(\operatorname{Ad}_g(X), \operatorname{Ad}_g(Y)) = K(X, Y) \quad \forall X, Y \in \mathfrak{g} \text{ and } \forall g \in G.$

Remark: For semi-simple Lie groups (which we haven't defined, but the classical groups SU(n) and SO(n) are examples) K is positive definite, i.e. it defines a scalar product.